Chapter 21 Civil Rights Quizlet

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affirmative action	a policy designed to redress past discrimination against minority groups to improve their economic and educational opportunities
2. Black Power	slogan used by Stokely Carmichael that encouraged black pride
3. Brown v. Board of Education	1954 - The Supreme Court overruled Plessy v. Ferguson; ordered all public schools to be integrated
4. Civil Rights Act of 1964	made racial, religious, and sex discrimination by employers illegal in public places.
5. Civil Rights Act of 1968	this law banned discrimination in housing, transportation, and employment, it helped blacks gain their full voting rights.
6. de facto segregation	Segregation resulting from tradition and custom
7. de jure segregation	segregation that is imposed by law
8. Dr. Martin Luther King	civil rights leader and Baptist minister who campaigned against the segregation of Blacks. He preached non-violence and was assassinated by James Earl Ray.
9. Emmett Till	14 year old boy who was murdered in 1955 for whistling at a white woman
10. freedom rider	African American and white college students (usually from northern states) rode buses through southern states to challenge segregation
11. Freedom Summer	In 1964, when blacks and whites together challenged segregation and led a massive drive to register blacks to vote.
12. Malcolm X	member of the Black Muslims; preached equality "by any means necessary"; later changed his views prior to being assassinated.
13. Nation of Islam	a group of militant Black Americans who profess Islamic religious beliefs and advocate independence for Black Americans
14. Rosa Parks	NAACP member who initiated the Montgomery Bus Boycott in 1955
15. SCLC	Southern Christian Leadership Conference led by Martin Luther King, Jr.
16. sit-in	nonviolent protests in which a person sits and refuses to leave a segregated area until either served or arrested
17. SNCC	Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, college age civil rights group

18. Stokely Carmichael	Became the leader of SNCC in 1966, popularizing the term "Black power". Initially favored integration and nonviolence, but became more militant as leader of the Black Panthers.
19. Thurgood Marshall	NAACP legal counsel and the first African- American Supreme Court Justice
20. Voting Rights Act of 1965	a law designed to help end formal and informal barriers to African-American suffrage